

海青高級工商職業學校113學年度第一學期高三英文期末考

班級：_____ 座號：_____ 姓名：_____

*考卷+劃卡，請一併交回

考卷共2張，45題選擇題，26-30題每題4分，其餘1題2分

一. 選出適當字詞(第22-25題選出同義字)

- A 1. Betty _____ a way to make the perfect cup of coffee every time.
(A) developed (B) bothered (C) volunteered (D) entertained
- B 2. Rob was a little _____ when he saw his exam grade.
(A) environmental (B) disappointed (C) local (D) twisted
- D 3. David has a(n) _____ with his dentist tomorrow afternoon.
(A) limitation (B) exchange (C) dressing (D) appointment
- A 4. The _____ buildings in India amaze tourists from around the world.
(A) ancient (B) element (C) brand (D) conquered
- B 5. Betty and Cathy are sixteen and seventeen years old, _____.
(A) victory (B) respectively (C) excellence (D) relevantly
- D 6. In this novel, an old lady used her _____ powers to turn the king into an eagle.
(A) relevant (B) competitive (C) transformer (D) magical
- B 7. Sarah received an award for _____ in sports.
(A) association (B) excellence (C) conquer (D) intention
- A 8. The swimmer's constant hard work led her to _____.
(A) victory (B) respectively (C) softly (D) relevantly
- C 9. The company has a _____ for having a friendly working environment.
(A) ancient (B) element (C) reputation (D) conquer
- B 10. Prada, a fashion _____ from Italy, was founded in 1913.
(A) victory (B) brand (C) distance (D) element
- D 11. The shy little boy spoke so _____ that I had a hard time hearing what he said.
(A) bravely (B) clearly (C) openly (D) softly
- D 12. I've put on so much weight recently that these jeans are too _____ for me to wear now. (A) loose (B) ripe (C) swift (D) tight
- D 13. In the past, many big television news stations and newspapers controlled

- the news to which we had _____. (A) burden (B) belief (C) arrival (D) access
- A 14. The government plans to _____ this building into a museum.
(A) transform (B) dress (C) exchange (D) limit
- C 15. David is now the best student in high school. It's _____ that he will get a scholarship to the state university. (A) available (B) various (C) certain (D) doubtful
- C 16. Vocational high school students should have greater _____ in themselves in order to learn English well. (A) influence (B) dependence (C) confidence (D) performance
- A 17. If we don't have good telephone _____, we may sound impolite to other people on the phone. (A) manners (B) marks (C) bills (D) bases
- D 18. This kind of fruit _____ many health benefits to a person who eats it.
(A) improves (B) notices (C) develops (D) provides
- C 19. My parents and I often _____ to clean up the beach with neighbors on weekends. We feel happy that we can do something for the Earth. (A) inspire (B) entertain (C) volunteer (D) replace
- B 20. John lay on the warm grass, looking up at the _____ stars in the night sky.
(A) doubtful (B) distant (C) various (D) available
- A 21. Eddie wants to _____ his knowledge of Spanish, so he has hired a Spanish tutor.
(A) improve (B) spoil (C) disappoint (D) access
- C 22. Martha reluctantly gave the last piece of the delicious pie to her younger brother.
(A) informally (B) indirectly (C) unwillingly (D) untruthfully
- B 23. She had a serious illness, and the doctors were not sure how long it would take for her to recover. (A) advantage (B) disease (C) identity (D) innovation
- D 24. An organization was set up to help find jobs for handicapped people.
(A) twisted (B) fascinated (C) endangered (D) disabled
- A 25. Stan couldn't put up with his brother any longer and left the room.
(A) tolerate (B) define (C) explain (D) fix

二. 對話

- C 26. Clerk: How can I help you?
Customer: This desk lamp was broken when I tried to turn it on at home.
Clerk: _____
Customer: Great, thanks for your assistance.
(A) Believe it or not, it's just been bought. (B) It seems you're interested in the house.
(C) I'm sorry, but I can replace it for you. (D) The mechanic will fix your car in no time.

B 27. Mary: How much are these pants?
Sales: Three thousand dollars.
Mary: Wow, that's too expensive. _____
Sales: I'm sorry, these pants are on sale and the tag price is 40% off the regular price already.

- (A) A size four shirt, please.
(B) Is there any discount?
(C) Can you take a rain check?
(D) I would like a refund, please.

C 28. Jenny: I'll take a pair of jeans in this style.
Salesclerk: Great! Will that be all?
Jenny: Yes, that's all.
Salesclerk: _____
Jenny: Cash, please.

- (A) I'll think it over and let you know.
(B) I am very busy. Maybe tomorrow.
(C) Would you like to pay by cash or credit card?
(D) To be honest, I am not very good at it.

A 29. Susan: Excuse me, may I exchange this shirt?
Clerk: What's the problem, ma'am? _____

Susan: No, the size is OK. But there's a stain on its back.

Clerk: Oh, sorry about that. Let me get you a new one.

- (A) Is it too big for you? (B) Do you have it in red?
(C) Is this your final price? (D) Do you have the receipt?

C 30. Salesperson: What can I do for you, ma'am?

Melinda: I need to purchase a blouse.

Salesperson: _____

Melinda: Medium.

- (A) Not that I would help you. (B) Certainly.
(C) What is your size? (D) What color do you prefer?

三. 克漏字

If your aim is to improve your language skills, then consider a homestay. A homestay is when a foreigner lives temporarily with a ___(31)___ family, giving them daily opportunities to interact.

During dinner, ___(32)___ you questions about your life. ___(33)___ by natives will be different to hearing your English teacher, and will allow you to improve your speaking and listening ability. They may want you to ask questions, too, so use this chance to find out about their culture. To ___(34)___ a positive relationship with your homestay family, have good manners. Do not complain about food, as you will appear impolite. Do not use things without asking. Also, keep your room tidy and clean up after yourself in other areas of the house. Your host doesn't want to have to put up with a rude guest. Treat them well and they will ___(35)___ you in return. Living with a new family may sound like a scary idea at first but, with the right attitude, you're certain to gain something from it.

B 31. (A) reserved (B) disappointed (C) disabled (D) local

B 32. (A) having them ask (B) have them ask (C) having asked (D) have asked

A 33. (A) Hearing sentences spoken (B) Heard sentences spoken
(C) Heard spoken sentences (D) Heard speaking sentences

C 34. (A) access (B) inspire (C) develop (D) entertain

B 35. (A) make up for (B) take care of (C) be regarded as (D) regardless of

One day, I looked down at my coffee cup in Starbucks, and a logo caught my eye. I found the coffee that I drank ___(36)___ characters in Greek mythology. I ___(37)___ it in my Greek mythology class. It had the head of a woman, but had a body with two fish tails. I realized that the creature was one of those ___(38)___ singing beings which the ancient Greeks were so afraid of. They were known as "sirens," and they would attract sailors to their island with their beautiful voices to make many ships crash on the rocks.

In Greek mythology, these creatures not only were beautiful in ___(39)___ but also had heavenly singing voices. Sirens would sit in the shore singing, and sailors in passing ships would be drawn to their voices. Starbucks hopes that the ___(40)___ of its coffee will attract customers to its cafés in the same way.

D 36. (A) was headed (B) was bound for (C) was meant to (D) was related to

A 37. (A) come across (B) turned down (C) figured out (D) hooked up to

A 38. (A) magical (B) afraid (C) scared (D) terrified

B 39. (A) inside (B) appearance (C) roof (D) vehicle

C 40. (A) association (B) intention (C) fragrance (D) athlete

四. 閱讀測驗



Q&As about Angkor Wat*

1. What is Angkor Wat?

Angkor Wat is an enormous Buddhist temple located in northern Cambodia. Its name suggests “temple city.”

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It was built by the Khmer King Suryavarman II in the first half of the 12th century, around the year 1110 to 1150, making Angkor Wat almost 900 years old.

3. What is special about Angkor Wat?

Angkor Wat is the largest religious monument on the planet. It was listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site* in 1992, which encouraged an international effort to save the construction.

4. How was Angkor Wat destroyed?

Researchers have shown that long rainy seasons followed by drought* caused damage to the city’s infrastructure*, leading to its collapse.

* Angkor Wat 吳哥窟 * UNESCO World Heritage Site 聯合國教科文組織世界遺產

* drought n. [U] 旱災 * infrastructure n. [U] 基礎建設

- B 41. Which of the following is most likely to be the second question?
- (A) Where is Angkor Wat? (B) How old is Angkor Wat?
- (C) How do you get to Angkor Wat? (D) What is the purpose of Angkor Wat?
- C 42. According to the passage, what destroyed Angkor Wat?
- (A) Economic activities. (B) An earthquake.
- (C) Unfavorable climate. (D) A war.

Athens*, Greece’s historic capital, is a city full of wonderful things for tourists to see. Among others, a must-see in Athens is the Panathenaic Stadium*, an ancient stadium that hosted the first modern Olympic Games in 1896.

The Panathenaic Stadium stands where an ancient racetrack* once sat. The first stadium there was built in 330 BC for the Panathenaic Games, a collection of games held in ancient Greece once every four years. In AD 144, the stadium was rebuilt and made bigger so that it could seat 50,000 people. However, over time, the Greeks stopped using the stadium, and it began to fall apart over centuries.

In the year 1869, the remains* of the stadium were discovered. It was then decided that the stadium would be rebuilt once again so that it could be used to host the Zappas Olympics, a series of games held several times in Athens between the 1850s and 1870s. When the first modern Olympics were to be held in 1896, the Panathenaic Stadium was the natural choice to play host.

Today, the stadium is used for some sporting events as well as other special events, such as concerts. It stands both as a symbol of ancient Greece and as one of change and progress.

* Athens 雅典 * Panathenaic Stadium 帕那辛奈克體育場 * racetrack n. [C] 賽道 * remains n. [pl.] 遺跡

- A 43. What is this passage mainly about?
- (A) The history of the Panathenaic Stadium. (B) The sporting events in Greece.
- (C) The wonder of ancient architecture. (D) The meaning of the Olympic Games.
- D 44. What happened to the Panathenaic Stadium in AD 144?
- (A) It was torn down by the Greeks (B) It was rebuilt for the Zappas Olympics.
- (C) The remains of it were discovered. (D) It was expanded in size.
- B 45. Which of the following statements is true about the Panathenaic Stadium?
- (A) It is no longer in use now. (B) It also hosts concerts.
- (C) It is closed to tourists. (D) It is difficult to reach.

英文補考從期末考試卷出, Good Luck!